

Drinking Water Quality and Compliance
SaskWater Buffalo Pound Potable Water Supply System - West
2016 Notification to Consumers

The Water Security Agency (WSA) requires that, at least once each year, waterworks owners provide notification to consumers of the quality of water produced and supplied as well as information on the performance of the waterworks in submitting samples as required by a Permit to Operate a waterworks. The following is a summary of the SaskWater Buffalo Pound Potable Water Supply System - West water quality and sample submission compliance record for the January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2016 time period. This report was completed on March 20, 2017. Readers should refer to WSA's Municipal Drinking Water Quality Monitoring Guidelines, October 2012, EPB 202 for more information on minimum sample submission requirements and types of samples. Permit requirements for a specific waterworks may require more sampling than outlined in the Agency's monitoring guidelines. If consumers need to know more about drinking water, more detailed information is available from: <http://www.hc-sc.gc.ca/ewh-semt/pubs/water-eau/index-eng.php>.

BACTERIOLOGICAL QUALITY

Parameter	Limit	Regular Samples Required	Regular Samples Submitted	# Positive of Regular Submitted
Total Coliform	0 Organisms/100 mL	24	51	0
E. Coli	0 Organisms/100 mL	24	51	0
Background Bacteria	Less than 200/100 mL	24	51	0

Analysis is performed on a single sample for all parameters mentioned above. All waterworks are required to submit samples for bacteriological water quality; the frequency of monitoring depends on the population served by the waterworks. Additional samples were submitted by SaskWater for informational purposes only.

WATER DISINFECTION

Chlorine Residual in Distribution System – From Test Results Submitted with Bacteriological Samples

Parameter	Minimum Limit (either/or)	Range (mg/L)	# Tests Required	# Tests Submitted	# Adequate Chlorine
Free Chlorine	0.1 mg/L	0.03 – 1.20	24	51	50
Total Chlorine	0.5 mg/L	0.20 – 1.78	24	51	

A minimum of 0.1 milligrams per litre (mg/L) free chlorine residual **OR** 0.5 mg/L total chlorine residual is required at all times throughout the distribution system. An adequate chlorine is a result that indicates that the chlorine level is above the regulated minimums. A waterworks is required to submit chlorine residual test results on every bacteriological sample they submit.

One low chlorine residual submitted with bacteriological sample on October 11, 2016. The bacteriological result was negative.

Free Chlorine Residual for Water in the Distribution System

Parameter	Limit (mg/L)	Range (mg/L)	# Tests Required	# Tests Performed	% Adequate Chlorine
Free Chlorine	At least 0.1	0.04 – 2.00	Continuous	Continuous	99.6

Minimum 0.1 milligrams per litre (mg/L) free chlorine residual is required for water in a distribution system. Residuals are monitored continuously and tests performed by waterworks operators and are to be recorded in operation records.

TURBIDITY

Turbidity in the Distribution System – From Test Results Submitted with Bacteriological Samples

Parameter	Limit (NTU)	Range (NTU)	# Tests Required	# Tests Performed	# Exceeding Limit
Turbidity	No standard	0.10 – 1.16	0	51	0

Turbidity is a measure of water treatment efficiency. Turbidity measures the “clarity” of the drinking water and is reported in Nephelometric Turbidity Units (NTU).

CHEMICAL – TRIHALOMETHANES (THM)

Parameter	Limit (mg/L)	Average (mg/L)	# Samples Required	# Samples Submitted
Trihalomethane	0.100 mg/L	0.100	4	4

Trihalomethanes are formed when chlorine reacts with organic matter in water. The four THM compounds are: chloroform, dibromochloromethane, bromodichloromethane (BCDM) and bromoform. The sum of the concentrations of these four components is referred to as Total Trihalomethanes. The limit for THM is a long term objective based on an annual average of seasonal samples.

CHEMICAL – GENERAL

The permit for SaskWater’s Buffalo Pound Potable Water Supply System – West does not require sampling for General Chemical parameters. These samples were taken for information only. The last sample was submitted on October 11, 2016. Results indicated that provincial drinking water quality standards were not exceeded.

Parameter	MAC	AO*	Sample Results	# of Samples Required	# of Samples Submitted
Total Alkalinity (mg/L)		500	109	0	1
Bicarbonate (mg/L)	No Objective		133	0	1
Calcium (mg/L)	No Objective		42	0	1
Carbonate (mg/L)	No Objective		0	0	1
Chloride (mg/L)		250	31.2	0	1
Fluoride (mg/L)	1.5		0.08	0	1
Total Hardness (mg/L)		800	241	0	1
Hydroxide (mg/L)	No Objective		0	0	1
Magnesium (mg/L)		200	33	0	1
Nitrate (mg/L)	45		<0.2	0	1
pH (pH units)		6.5 - 9.0	6.6	0	1
Potassium (mg/L)	No Objective		7.0	0	1
Sodium (mg/L)		300	88	0	1
Specific Conductivity (µs/cm)	No Objective		849	0	1
Sulphate (mg/L)		500	274.2	0	1
Total Dissolved Solids (mg/L)		1500	609	0	1

MAC – Maximum Acceptable Concentrations

AO – Aesthetic Objective

*Objectives apply to certain characteristics of or substances found in water for human consumptive or hygienic use. The presence of these substances will affect the acceptance of water by consumers and/or interfere with the practice of supplying good quality water. Compliance with drinking water aesthetic objectives is not mandatory as these objectives are in the range where they do not constitute a health hazards. The aesthetic objectives for several parameters (including hardness as CaCO₃, magnesium, sodium and total dissolved solids) consider regional differences in drinking water sources and quality.

More information on water quality and sample submission performance may be obtained from:

SaskWater
 200 - 111 Fairford Street East
 Moose Jaw SK S6H 1C8
 Toll Free: 1-888-230-1111
 Fax: 306-694-3207
 Email: customerservice@saskwater.com